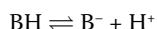


DISSOCIATION CONSTANTS OF INORGANIC ACIDS AND BASES

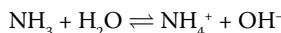
The data in this table are presented as values of pK_a , defined as the negative logarithm of the acid dissociation constant K_a for the reaction



Thus $pK_a = -\log K_a$, and the hydrogen ion concentration $[H^+]$ can be calculated from

$$K_a = \frac{[H^+][B^-]}{[BH]}$$

In the case of bases, the entry in the table is for the conjugate acid, e.g., ammonium ion for ammonia. The OH^- concentration in the system



can be calculated from the equation

$$K_b = K_{water}/K_a = \frac{[OH^-][NH_4^+]}{[NH_3]}$$

where $K_{water} = 1.01 \times 10^{-14}$ at 25 °C. Note that $pK_a + pK_b = pK_{water}$.

All values refer to dilute aqueous solutions at zero ionic strength at the temperature indicated. The table is arranged alphabetically by compound name.

Reference

- Perrin, D. D., *Ionization Constants of Inorganic Acids and Bases in Aqueous Solution, Second Edition*, Pergamon, Oxford, 1982.

Name	Formula	Step	t/°C	pK _a
Aluminum(III) ion	Al ⁺³		25	5.0
Ammonia	NH ₃		25	9.25
Arsenic acid	H ₃ AsO ₄	1	25	2.26
		2	25	6.76
		3	25	11.29
Arsenious acid	H ₂ AsO ₃		25	9.29
Barium(II) ion	Ba ⁺²		25	13.4
Boric acid	H ₃ BO ₃	1	20	9.27
		2	20	>14
Calcium(II) ion	Ca ⁺²		25	12.6
Carbonic acid	H ₂ CO ₃	1	25	6.35
		2	25	10.33
Chlorous acid	HClO ₂		25	1.94
Chromic acid	H ₂ CrO ₄	1	25	0.74
		2	25	6.49
Cyanic acid	HCNO		25	3.46
Germanic acid	H ₂ GeO ₃	1	25	9.01
		2	25	12.3
Hydrazine	N ₂ H ₄		25	8.1
Hydrazoic acid	HN ₃		25	4.6
Hydrocyanic acid	HCN		25	9.21
Hydrofluoric acid	HF		25	3.20
Hydrogen peroxide	H ₂ O ₂		25	11.62
Hydrogen selenide	H ₂ Se	1	25	3.89
		2	25	11.0
Hydrogen sulfide	H ₂ S	1	25	7.05
		2	25	19
Hydrogen telluride	H ₂ Te	1	18	2.6
		2	25	11
Hydroxylamine	NH ₂ OH		25	5.94
Hypobromous acid	HBrO		25	8.55
Hypochlorous acid	HClO		25	7.40
Hypoiodous acid	HIO		25	10.5
Iodic acid	HIO ₃		25	0.78
Lithium ion	Li ⁺		25	13.8
Magnesium(II) ion	Mg ⁺²		25	11.4
Nitrous acid	HNO ₂		25	3.25
Perchloric acid	HClO ₄		20	-1.6
Periodic acid	HIO ₄		25	1.64
Phosphoric acid	H ₃ PO ₄	1	25	2.16

Name	Formula	Step	<i>t</i> /°C	p <i>K</i> _a
Phosphorous acid	H_3PO_3	2	25	7.21
		3	25	12.32
Pyrophosphoric acid	$\text{H}_4\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$	1	20	1.3
		2	20	6.70
Selenic acid	H_2SeO_4	1	25	0.91
		2	25	2.10
		3	25	6.70
		4	25	9.32
Selenious acid	H_2SeO_3	1	25	2.62
Silicic acid	H_4SiO_4	2	25	8.32
		3	30	9.9
		4	30	11.8
		3	30	12
Sodium ion	Na^+	4	30	12
		25	25	14.8
Strontium(II) ion	Sr^{+2}	25	25	13.2
Sulfamic acid	$\text{NH}_2\text{SO}_3\text{H}$		25	1.05
Sulfuric acid	H_2SO_4	2	25	1.99
Sulfurous acid	H_2SO_3	1	25	1.85
		2	25	7.2
Telluric acid	H_2TeO_4	1	18	7.68
		2	18	11.0
Tellurous acid	H_2TeO_3	1	25	6.27
		2	25	8.43
Tetrafluoroboric acid	HBF_4		25	0.5
Thiocyanic acid	HSCN		25	-1.8
Water	H_2O		25	13.995